

P.S. Problem Solving

See CalcChat.com for tutorial help and worked-out solutions to odd-numbered exercises.

1. Finding Tangent Lines Consider the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 8y = 0,$$

as shown in the figure.

- (a) Find the center and radius of the circle.
- (b) Find an equation of the tangent line to the circle at the point (0, 0).
- (c) Find an equation of the tangent line to the circle at the point (6, 0).
- (d) Where do the two tangent lines intersect?

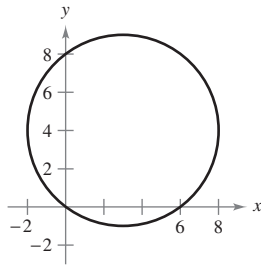


Figure for 1

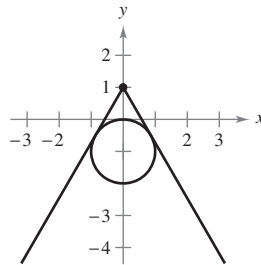


Figure for 2

2. Finding Tangent Lines There are two tangent lines from the point (0, 1) to the circle $x^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 1$ (see figure). Find equations of these two lines by using the fact that each tangent line intersects the circle at *exactly* one point.

3. Heaviside Function The Heaviside function $H(x)$ is widely used in engineering applications.

$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Sketch the graph of the Heaviside function and the graphs of the following functions by hand.

- (a) $H(x) - 2$
- (b) $H(x - 2)$
- (c) $-H(x)$
- (d) $H(-x)$
- (e) $\frac{1}{2}H(x)$
- (f) $-H(x - 2) + 2$



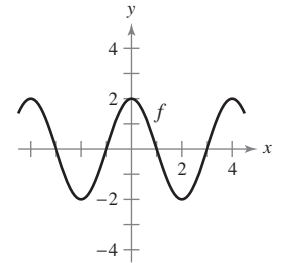
OLIVER HEAVISIDE (1850–1925)

Heaviside was a British mathematician and physicist who contributed to the field of applied mathematics, especially applications of mathematics to electrical engineering. The *Heaviside function* is a classic type of “on-off” function that has applications to electricity and computer science.

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4. Sketching Transformations Consider the graph of the function f shown below. Use this graph to sketch the graphs of the following functions. To print an enlarged copy of the graph, go to MathGraphs.com.

- (a) $f(x + 1)$
- (b) $f(x) + 1$
- (c) $2f(x)$
- (d) $f(-x)$
- (e) $-f(x)$
- (f) $|f(x)|$
- (g) $f(|x|)$



5. Maximum Area A rancher plans to fence a rectangular pasture adjacent to a river. The rancher has 100 meters of fencing, and no fencing is needed along the river (see figure).

- (a) Write the area A of the pasture as a function of x , the length of the side parallel to the river. What is the domain of A ?
- (b) Graph the area function and estimate the dimensions that yield the maximum amount of area for the pasture.
- (c) Find the dimensions that yield the maximum amount of area for the pasture by completing the square.

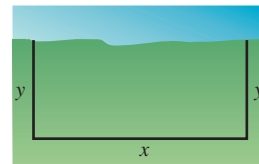


Figure for 5

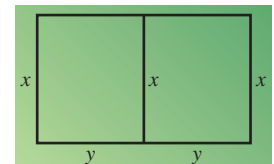
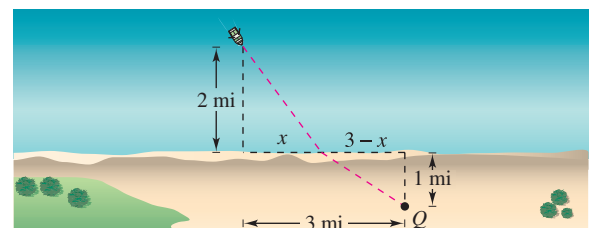


Figure for 6

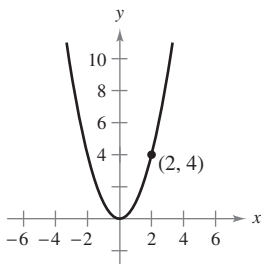
6. Maximum Area A rancher has 300 feet of fencing to enclose two adjacent pastures (see figure).

- (a) Write the total area A of the two pastures as a function of x . What is the domain of A ?
- (b) Graph the area function and estimate the dimensions that yield the maximum amount of area for the pastures.
- (c) Find the dimensions that yield the maximum amount of area for the pastures by completing the square.

7. Writing a Function You are in a boat 2 miles from the nearest point on the coast. You are to go to a point Q located 3 miles down the coast and 1 mile inland (see figure). You can row at 2 miles per hour and walk at 4 miles per hour. Write the total time T of the trip as a function of x .



- 8. Average Speed** You drive to the beach at a rate of 120 kilometers per hour. On the return trip, you drive at a rate of 60 kilometers per hour. What is your average speed for the entire trip? Explain your reasoning.
- 9. Slope of a Tangent Line** One of the fundamental themes of calculus is to find the slope of the tangent line to a curve at a point. To see how this can be done, consider the point $(2, 4)$ on the graph of $f(x) = x^2$ (see figure).



- Find the slope of the line joining $(2, 4)$ and $(3, 9)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(2, 4)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(2, 4)$ and $(1, 1)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(2, 4)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(2, 4)$ and $(2.1, 4.41)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(2, 4)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(2, 4)$ and $(2 + h, f(2 + h))$ in terms of the nonzero number h . Verify that $h = 1, -1,$ and 0.1 yield the solutions to parts (a)–(c) above.
- What is the slope of the tangent line at $(2, 4)$? Explain how you arrived at your answer.

- 10. Slope of a Tangent Line** Sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and label the point $(4, 2)$ on the graph.

- Find the slope of the line joining $(4, 2)$ and $(9, 3)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(4, 2)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(4, 2)$ and $(1, 1)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(4, 2)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(4, 2)$ and $(4.41, 2.1)$. Is the slope of the tangent line at $(4, 2)$ greater than or less than this number?
- Find the slope of the line joining $(4, 2)$ and $(4 + h, f(4 + h))$ in terms of the nonzero number h .
- What is the slope of the tangent line at $(4, 2)$? Explain how you arrived at your answer.

- 11. Composite Functions** Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}$.

- What are the domain and range of f ?
- Find the composition $f(f(x))$. What is the domain of this function?
- Find $f(f(f(x)))$. What is the domain of this function?
- Graph $f(f(f(x)))$. Is the graph a line? Why or why not?

- 12. Graphing an Equation** Explain how you would graph the equation

$$y + |y| = x + |x|.$$

Then sketch the graph.

- 13. Sound Intensity** A large room contains two speakers that are 3 meters apart. The sound intensity I of one speaker is twice that of the other, as shown in the figure. (To print an enlarged copy of the graph, go to *MathGraphs.com*.) Suppose the listener is free to move about the room to find those positions that receive equal amounts of sound from both speakers. Such a location satisfies two conditions: (1) the sound intensity at the listener's position is directly proportional to the sound level of a source, and (2) the sound intensity is inversely proportional to the square of the distance from the source.

- Find the points on the x -axis that receive equal amounts of sound from both speakers.
- Find and graph the equation of all locations (x, y) where one could stand and receive equal amounts of sound from both speakers.

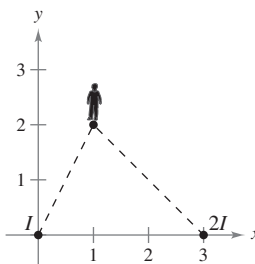


Figure for 13

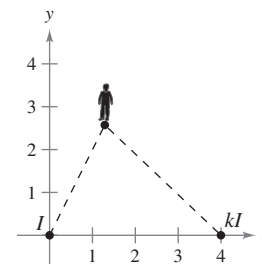


Figure for 14

- 14. Sound Intensity** Suppose the speakers in Exercise 13 are 4 meters apart and the sound intensity of one speaker is k times that of the other, as shown in the figure. To print an enlarged copy of the graph, go to *MathGraphs.com*.

- Find the equation of all locations (x, y) where one could stand and receive equal amounts of sound from both speakers.
- Graph the equation for the case $k = 3$.
- Describe the set of locations of equal sound as k becomes very large.

- 15. Lemniscate** Let d_1 and d_2 be the distances from the point (x, y) to the points $(-1, 0)$ and $(1, 0)$, respectively, as shown in the figure. Show that the equation of the graph of all points (x, y) satisfying $d_1 d_2 = 1$ is

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 = 2(x^2 - y^2).$$

This curve is called a **lemniscate**. Graph the lemniscate and identify three points on the graph.

